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COMMENT OF
THE DAY

NAGUIB NOT TO GO ON TRIAL

Mutiny
In Vietnam
Army

The Islands

THE immediate, short-term danger in the Far Eastern situation—Sir Anthony Eden emphasised in his television interview last week—is the “vest-pocket war” going on between Nationalist-held islands and the Chinese Communists on the mainland. “If we could lessen tension over the smaller islands,” Sir Anthony told viewers, “we might be able to make progress over Formosa.” That is a big “if”. One possible way in which tension could be reduced along the China coast is the conquest of these outposts by the Communists. That, of course, is governed by another “if”—if the Americans allow such a conquest to take place. For Washington policy on the defence of these islands is still obscure. The Americans would also have to tell the Nationalists: “No more attacks on the mainland,” which would mean rescinding their present orders and returning to the policies of Mr Truman. There are at least big issues at stake in the island outposts for Chang Kai-shek. Their loss would not make Formosa any more vulnerable. One hundred miles of sea still separates the Communists from their goal. But the Nationalists argue that the loss of the islands would prevent them from frustrating the assembly of an invasion armada and psychologically it would be a severe blow to their morale.

NO one believes there is going to be an early solution to the problem, an early casting of tension in that region. Both the Communists and the Nationalists would be happy to have the Americans involved in a “little war” on the China coast. For the Nationalists, a return to the mainland (virtually the sole justification for their continued existence) cannot be attempted without American support. For the Communists, once an attack on Formosa is at present out of the question with the combined units of the 1st and 7th fleets of the U.S. Navy barring their way, the belligerent attitude of the Nationalists gives them an opportunity to create incidents in positions that most embarras America. As long as the Nationalist forces remain “unleashed” to attack the mainland and as long as American policy on the defence of the islands continues unstated, the Communists will probably prefer to play the cat and mouse game and make the most of the unavoidable position of the Americans. Certainly as long as tension remains in that area, it will tend to exacerbate an already dangerous situation. As for the problem of Formosa itself, it is very doubtful whether mediation will succeed in producing a solution mutually satisfactory to the Peking and Nationalist regimes. It looks like being a long cold war.

Japanese Trawlers Sunk Off Quemoy

TOKYO, Nov. 22.—An unidentified vessel fired on and sank two Japanese fishing boats on Sunday morning near the embattled Chinese Nationalist island of Quemoy, the Japanese Coast Guard reported today.

The Coast Guard said numbers 31 and 32 Yamada Maru (both 65 tons) sank within minutes of being fired on.

Nearby Japanese fishing boats picked up all crew members of both vessels but two fishermen died of injuries later, the Coast Guard said.

The Coast Guard said the incident occurred near Quemoy.—Reuter.

China Makes Progress On Tibet Road

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The first of three road arteries from China into Tibet, which will replace the old caravan route, has now entered Tibetan territory. A New China News Agency report said tonight.

Egypt's Strong Note To France

Cairo, Nov. 21.—Egypt has protested strongly against accusations by the French Prime Minister, M. Mendes-France, that it has been stirring up trouble in France's North African territories, a Foreign Ministry spokesman said tonight.

The Egyptian Foreign Under-Secretary, Samy Abu Feluh, yesterday summoned the French Charge d'Affaires in Cairo, M. Robert Gillet, and asked him to supply the text of statements by the French Premier for full study before Egypt defined her attitude towards France, the spokesman added.

Meanwhile the French Government is reported to have threatened to break off economic relations with Egypt if the Egyptian Government does not suppress the “Voice of the Arabs” broadcast over the state-controlled Cairo Radio.

A third highway, to the south-western provinces of China, will link Lhasa with Chengtu in Szechuan.—Reuter.

He told the National Assembly that France would not hesitate, if the situation could not be modified, to take any useful and effective measures.—Reuter.

SEATO Meeting Called Off

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The projected meeting of the signatories of the Manila Pact has been called off, highly reliable sources disclosed here today.

The Manila Pact set up a South-East Asia Treaty Organisation.

The United States Government decided to abandon its plan for immediate convening of the Manila Pact powers following talks last week between the Secretary of State, Mr. John Foster Dulles, and the French Premier, M. Pierre Mendes-France, there sources said.

Earlier, the British Government is believed to have expressed the view that such a conference was not timely since the Manila Pact had not yet been ratified.

Conversations will nevertheless take place through normal diplomatic channels among Britain, France and the United States on the questions which would have figured on the projected conference agenda, reliable sources said.—France Presse.

STOP PRESS

Cricket Latest

M.C.C. 1st Inn. 304
Queensland 1st Inn. 29
K. Archer c Andrew b Bedser. 29
C. Harvey c Andrew, b Bedser. 49
K. Mackay b Bailey. 33
R. Archer c Andrew b Bailey. 22
P. Burge b Wilson. 26
J. Bratchford c Andrew b Statham. 21
Walmsley. 28 n.o.
N. Rymer Extras. 2 no.
At Tea. 215 for 6

Jim McCollum who was struck in the groin on Friday is still in hospital and Bailey who has a split hand is holding deep. Walmsley had influenza and will not play further part in the match.—Reuter.

The Old Crocks Get Under Way



ABOVE:

Mr R. K. N. Charlton's 1902 Panhard (91) took derisively as it passes S. E. Sears' 1901 Mors on Westminster Bridge, London in the opening stages of the Hyde Park to Brighton "Old Crocks" race.

Some hours later, the Panhard was involved in an accident near Hangcross, Sussex. One of the passengers was thrown out of the car and killed; another, seriously injured, was taken to hospital.

LEFT:

The Soame steam cart of 1897, entered by J. M. Edwards, seen at the start of the "Old Crocks" race.—Reuterphotos.

India-Pakistan To Meet

KARACHI, Nov. 21.—The Indian Premier, Mr. Nehru, has agreed to a Pakistani request for direct negotiations between the two countries to iron out existing differences. It was disclosed today.

Premier Nehru's acceptance of bilateral talks was contained in a letter to the Governor-General of Pakistan, Ghulam Mohammed. The Governor-General had proposed such talks in a message to Mr. Nehru on the occasion of the Premier's birthday.—France-Press.



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Malcolm MacDonald Runs Nose Now!

Auckland, New Zealand, Nov. 21.

Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, British Commissioner-General for Southeast Asia, shook hands and rubber noses with an old friend, a famous Maori woman guide, when they met for the first time in 20 years at Rotorua, 120 miles southeast of here yesterday.

In shirt sleeves and smiling broadly, Mr. MacDonald warmly greeted the guide, Rangi, and the two laughed and talked continuously as they walked about a thermal area. Mr. MacDonald had met Rangi twice on previous visits to New Zealand.

Mr. MacDonald is visiting Australia and New Zealand to discuss with Government officials the general situation in Southeast Asia and possible commitments of their troops in the Pacific areas and Southeast Asia—China Mainland.

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EAST-WEST CONFERENCE

Big Three Will Reject New Russian Offer On European Security

London, Nov. 21. The Western powers will reject Russia's new bid—made by Mr Vyacheslav Molotov, Soviet Foreign Minister, yesterday to put off West German rearmament until an all-European conference on Continental security is held, diplomatic quarters said today.

Russia's new offer was announced yesterday in Moscow by Mr Molotov in an interview with *Pravda*, the Communist Party newspaper.

The Western powers are already drafting an answer to two Soviet notes one on October 23, proposing a "Big Four" meeting, one on November 20 on the German problem and another of November 13, calling for a 23-nation conference on general European security.

WILL BE REJECTION

In effect the Western reply will also be a rejection of Mr Molotov's last minute public offer, which so far has not been conveyed to

BARANES RELEASE ASKED

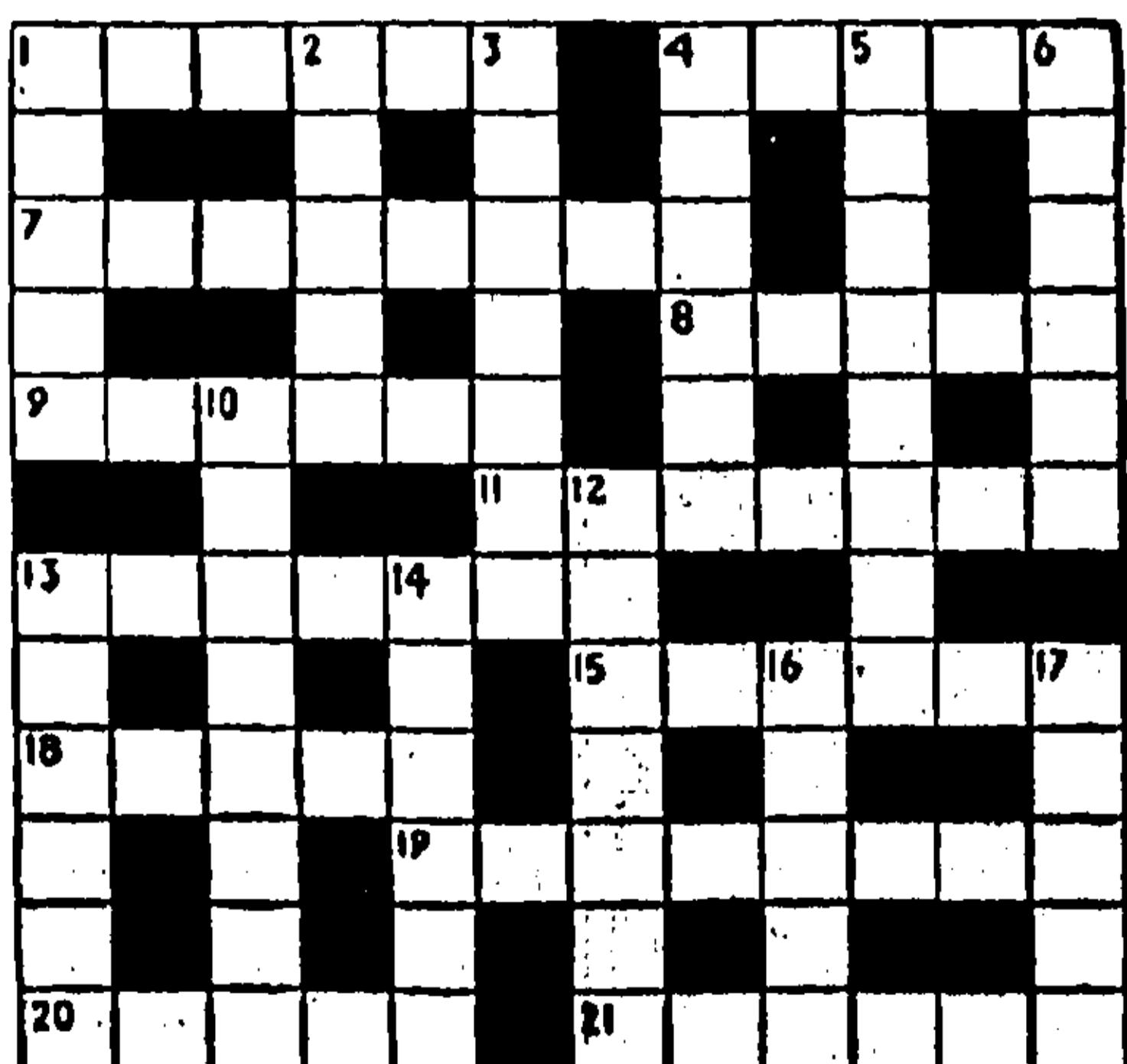
Paris, Nov. 21. The lawyers acting for Andre Baranes, French newspaperman involved in the "defence leaks" case, today made public a letter to the military magistrate in the case, asking for Baranes' release on the grounds that the charges are unsubstantiated.

In a point by point argument the lawyers claimed that the various accusations were unfounded.

Referring to the charge that Baranes had held secret documents to which he was not entitled, the defence counsel pointed out that Baranes had been appointed to obtain certain documents which would allow the authorities to "control the Party," and that it had not been proved that the documents he obtained had not been passed on to the proper authorities.

The letter went on to claim that the alleged confessions by Baranes to the security service were not valid, and the accusations that he handed documents to Jacques Duclos, Communist leader, was invalid since Duclos had denied ever having received anything from Baranes.—France Presse.

A British Crossword Puzzle



ACROSS
1 Degrees of progress (6).
4 Cloud (5).
7 Overbearing (8).
8 Turning point (6).
9 Allow (6).
11 Diminutes (7).
13 Specimens (7).
15 Difficult question (colloq.) (6).
16 Telling untruth (6).
18 Praised (6).
20 Helped (6).
21 Earthling (6).

SATURDAY'S CROSSWORD—Across: 1. Apple, 4. Ransack, 8. Door, 9. Kite, 10. Granted, 11. Blue, 12. Dots, 14. Estimate, 17. Alder, 18. Star, 22. Treated, 23. Ally, 27. Patch, 28. Auditor, 29. Tour, 30. Bell, 31. Dashed, 32. Even, 33. Dotted, 34. Edible, 4. Blague, 5. Arrest, 6. Sings, 7. Cream, 13. Date, 19. Adore, 18. Evil, 19. Fury, 20. Reposes, 20. Battle, 21. Alliance, 22. House, 24. Allie, 25. Dashed.

official quarters as a diplomatic document. Observers in the Western capitals did not expect yesterday's Soviet proposal to have any greater effect on parliamentary approval of the Paris agreements than other Soviet offers in the past.

Reports from the main Western centres were:

Washington: M. Pierre Mendes-France, French Premier, and Mr John Foster Dulles, United States Secretary of State, fresh from their talks agreeing on "early ratification" of the Paris pact as a means of strength, contended that the new Soviet move was "unworthy of serious consideration," according to authoritative sources.

At the end of their four-day talks, when the contents of Mr Molotov's Press conference were made known to them, their communiqué said: "It was agreed that early ratification of the Paris agreements by all countries concerned will strengthen the unity of the Western world.

"We should open the way for consideration of means of improvement in international relations in accordance with the spirit and the goals of the Charter of the United Nations, both governments being ready to enter into improvised debates intended mainly for propaganda but into adequately prepared negotiations, carried on in good faith," the communiqué added.

Paris: The new Soviet offer was expected to have as little effect in delaying the Assembly's approval of the Paris agreement as previous Soviet efforts.

AFTER RATIFICATION M. Mendes-France is on record as saying that he is ready to negotiate with the Russians after ratification, but not before it. He is assured of a majority for ratification now that the Socialists, the largest parliamentary group, have decided to vote for it.

French diplomatic quarters do not think Mr Molotov's warnings have closed the door to future negotiations.

They regard it as significant that the warning was not made directly to the Western powers in the form of a diplomatic note. Soviet diplomacy was subtle enough to allow for

another approach when the West was ready for "Big Four" talks, they added.

To French observers, Mr Molotov appeared to have two objects in his interview with *Pravda*. To reply to people like the West German Chancellor, Dr Konrad Adenauer, who had stressed the impossibility of making serious preparations for a conference this month, and to combat the Western idea that there will be plenty of time for talks after ratification.

NOTHING GENUINE West German Government quarters thought the Soviet move showed that Russia was determined to keep up "considerable pressure" on the West but not to offer genuine concessions—even if the West were to renounce the Paris treaties.

Government sources dismissed the Soviet offers as an "obvious" attempt to appeal to those Frenchmen who hate Germany. They said it gave the Socialist Democrats propaganda for their argument that West German armament blocked the way to German reunification.

Rome: The Soviet moves were not likely to prevent Italy's rejection of a European security conference before ratification of the Paris agreements, authoritative sources said here.

The Italian Cabinet is expected to approve the Paris agreements before the Christmas recess and the Upper House is expected to complete ratification early in the new year.

The Hague: The Molotov proposal was dismissed by an authoritative Dutch source today as "just another manoeuvre."

NOT CHANGED

Nothing was likely to shake the West in its conviction that renewed talks with the Soviet Union must await final ratification of the Paris agreements, he added.

Brussels: Belgium's negative attitude to the initial Russian offers has not been changed, sources said here.—Reuter.

New York's tall men are cross with Fifth Avenue, Manhattan's fashionable shopping centre because the shop awnings knock off their hats.

The tall men have formed themselves into the "Fifth Avenue Association" with a 6ft. 4in. man as their chairman. They want shop awnings raised to at least seven feet from the ground.

The association points out that while men and women have been increasing in height over the years, awnings have stayed at the same level.

The members believe that unless some action is taken it may be necessary for some New

Yorkers to make their way through the streets on their hands and knees. This would lead to traffic chaos, they add.

The association quotes insurance company figures to prove that the taller the man the greater his worth to his community.

Men who are 6ft. 4in. take out policies averaging about £3,000 each. Policies taken out by men only 5ft. high average about £1,500 each.—London Express Service.

CONFIDENCE IN U.S. LOST BECAUSE OF McCARTHY

London, Nov. 21. Sir Oliver Franks, former British Ambassador to the United States, said tonight that millions of people in Europe and Asia had lost confidence in American democracy because of Senator Joseph McCarthy.

"It is a tragedy that so many Americans have remained quite unaware of the damage done by the Senator to the reputation of the United States in the world," said the former Ambassador in a British Broadcasting Corporation address.

"He has made millions of people in Europe and Asia change their mind about the United States and lose confidence in the quality and future of American democracy," said Sir Oliver.

A DEFEAT

He said that the impact of the Wisconsin Republican Senator abroad was a "defeat" for the United States. "McCarthy" was one of the major "frictions" in Anglo-American relations, Sir Oliver reported.

"It has made it easier to lump the Soviet Union and the United States together as two great threats to the peaceful progress of mankind," said the former Ambassador.

"This defeat for the United States has occurred because the Senator in his investigation denied the ordinary rights of an individual in a democratic society to those whom he attacked and because he used his official position to substitute with impunity insults and innuendo for proof," said the British diplomat.

CONTAGIOUS POWER

"His methods, their contagious power, his apparent toleration by the American people and the large volume of support he found among them have profoundly impressed and depressed many people in Britain naturally friendly to the United States."

Sir Oliver said that although he did not wish to minimise the "sinister and anarchic character" of Senator McCarthy's techniques, he was "sure that the United States cannot be judged wholly or mainly by McCarthyism and its effects."

"There never has been any evidence that Senator McCarthy might dominate the United States. To do that he would need a published political testament or an organisation. But the Senator has no positive doctrine; he leads no movement or party. And in the past few months signs have accumulated that his star has crossed its zenith."—United Press.

Dominici Blasts Family And A Friend

Digne, Nov. 21. Gaston Dominici, 77-year-old French goat farmer charged with the murders of Sir Jack and Lady Drummond and their daughter, shouted at the court here yesterday that he had been accused to shield someone in his family.

It was the fourth day of bitter family recrimination in which the old farmer's grandson and one of his daughters added more confusing evidence to the mass of accusations and counter-accusations.

Dominici himself has already confessed and denied the brutal 1952 shootings a number of times. His sons, Gustave and Clovis, have also denounced him though Gustave later retracted his accusation.

MR FRANCE MEETS DR RAAB

New York, Nov. 21. M. Pierre Mendes-France, the French Premier, will make an important new proposal on the international control of armaments in a speech to the United Nations General Assembly tomorrow.

Old Dominici is quoted as saying Roger lied "for the fun of it."

Another witness to get a blast of his old man's indignation was Paul Malliet, an intimate friend of the family, who said the farmer had crooked his finger at him as if clicking the trigger of a gun.

"You are a thief," Dominici shouted, springing to his feet. "You plotted with Clovis. You are a liar and a scoundrel."

Malliet told the court Gustave Dominici had made several statements about the circumstances of his finding the groaning figure of the child, Elizabeth Drummond, who had been beaten over the head. Gustave was gaoled for two months for not giving immediate help to the child.

"Gustave told me he heard the child groaning as he crossed the railway bridge near the farm early in the morning to examine a fall of earth on the railway cutting," Malliet said.

TOLD ME
"He said there was nothing to be done for the girl. He told me all this on the day of the crime."

Weeks later he said: "If you had seen—if you had heard those cries—it was horrible. I was in the clover field."—Reuter.

JET THRUST CAN BE REVERSED

Cincinnati, Ohio, Nov. 21. The General Electric Co. announced here on Saturday it has developed a device to reduce or reverse the thrust of jet engines.

The announcement said a pilot using the device, called a "jet spoiler and reserver," can reduce the forward thrust of a jet engine by deflecting the exhaust gases, and even reverse it.

The development is considered especially important for carrier landing, where pilots may be waved off at the last second and told to make another approach.

The jet spoiler enables a pilot to reduce or completely reverse the thrust when preparing to land, slowing the plane without reducing the operating speed of the engine. If a pilot is told at the last instant to avoid landing and make another approach, he only has to put out the deflector to obtain full forward engine thrust.—United Press.

Madame Mendes-France won over American women reporters as totally as her husband won over male correspondents during their stay in Washington.

Washington newswomen who met Madame Mendes-France at luncheons described her with such comments as:

"An extraordinarily feminine woman with a lovely soft voice and a very pretty face. A woman of spirit and smiling companion who readily answered difficult questions."

One woman reporter wrote: "There was not a woman in the sizable female Press group at the French Embassy who did not think that the buxom Egyptian-born visitor was delightful, sincere and charming."—United Press.

RANG
TOONIE MA



General Naguib (centre) taking leave of Colonel Nasser, the Egyptian Prime Minister, after he had been relieved of his powers as President by the Revolutionary Council. General Naguib is now staying, under orders, at a house in the Cairo suburbs. (See also P. 8).—Central Press Photo.

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General Naguib (centre) taking leave of Colonel Nasser

WHEN AN ACTOR HITS THE JACKPOT CAN HIS MARRIAGE SURVIVE IT?

By Anne Sharpley

WHAT happens to a man with great ambition, looks and talent he believes in, who starves and struggles to succeed—and suddenly hits the jackpot?

Few people who read the story of Edmund Purdom and his wife, Mrs. Purdon, can have failed to feel the poignancy and irony in it.

It is picturesque and romantic up to the point where it becomes a gold-plated nightmare.

They had gambled everything on that elusive and cruel thing "Hollywood success."

Unluckily if either one of them had known in the days when they struggled and shared and were so close to one another that a career might end their marriage they would both have headed back for life in a small English carpet company and left Hollywood alone.

But success when it came was too sudden and overwhelming. The蝴蝶梦 that has been strong in diversity suddenly waned.

Then seems to be the experience of Mr Edmund Purdon, but it always happens.

Take the example of another couple who had had their "early struggles" and went to fame in Hollywood, Mr. and Mrs. Leo Genn.

Strange Experience

The Genns, after "down-to-the-last-penny" poverty when both were out of work, went through the strange experience of nearly 20 years of marriage of the husband, at the age of 43, becoming a bobby-saxers' delight.

"I think the fact that Leo was really a mature man probably helped a great deal," says Mrs. Genn. "Although there was never any question of him leaving his head."

"We just carried on living the same life as we always had—with more money, of course. But honestly it made no difference to us."

"Although we laugh now about the time we nearly starved, it's always with a sort of cautious 'Any minute now, we'll be right back where we started.'

"For the husband to take himself too seriously is the greatest peril. Hollywood life or one can either live up to or ignore. We do sort of half and half and I really don't see that it could ever break up a happy marriage—unless either of you want it to."

And what about the "golden boy" story—English version? Six years ago Kenneth More was debating whether he should open his last tin of baked beans today or leave it till tomorrow. One good play success, followed by a smash-hit film "Genevieve," put More into the contract-signing class and brought him up to £200 a week. (*Mr Purdon makes £500*)

I tried to speak to Mrs More, but it is Mr More who makes all the pronouncements in that family. (Tip number one, perhaps?)

"Well I was lucky," he said. "I had a childhood that was haunted by bills and shared, so when I finally got some money I kept a very tight hold." Mr More told me.

"It made lots of unimportant differences like being able to be a member of three golf clubs instead of struggling for the subscription for one. But we're still very cautious. And as for it coming between my wife and myself, the idea is preposterous."

Basic Truth

These are some of the ways two couples who might have failed through soaring egos and bank accounts kept level and in love.

No two cases are alike but I think there is one basic truth about all marriages whether in Hollywood or Hounslow.

A marriage is a contract where a couple remain together against all outside influences.

It is little short of tragedy if two young people who have proved so loyal to each other in poverty are not now to enjoy together the success for which they have both worked.

MIRIBEL FIGHTS ONCE AGAIN

BY JAMES IRVINE

Paris, ONE time Carmelite nun, 38-year-old Elizabeth de Miribel—right-hand woman of the fighting General de Gaulle in the days of the German occupation—is fighting for France again.

This modern Joan of Arc has come out of her convent to follow a new leader, Premier Pierre Mendes-France, and to the United States and Canada as member of a delegation that hopes to restore to new hats the name of France in America.

Girl freedom-fighter, top-ranking diplomat, Elizabeth, third and sick of struggle, went into a Carmelite convent 4½ years ago, but later this year came out into a world still fighting.

But Elizabeth was sick. So she went to Switzerland to recover her health, did, and recently asked Premier Mendes-France: "Is there anything I can do?"

The delighted premier told the most outstanding Frenchwoman of her age that France still

needed her, brought her into the Foreign Office, gave her a job on the delegation.

It was the sort of thing Elizabeth de Miribel wanted. She had always wanted to help France. Fanatically patriotic, she was at de Gaulle's right hand when the general rallied the first few helpers round him at their nation's fall.

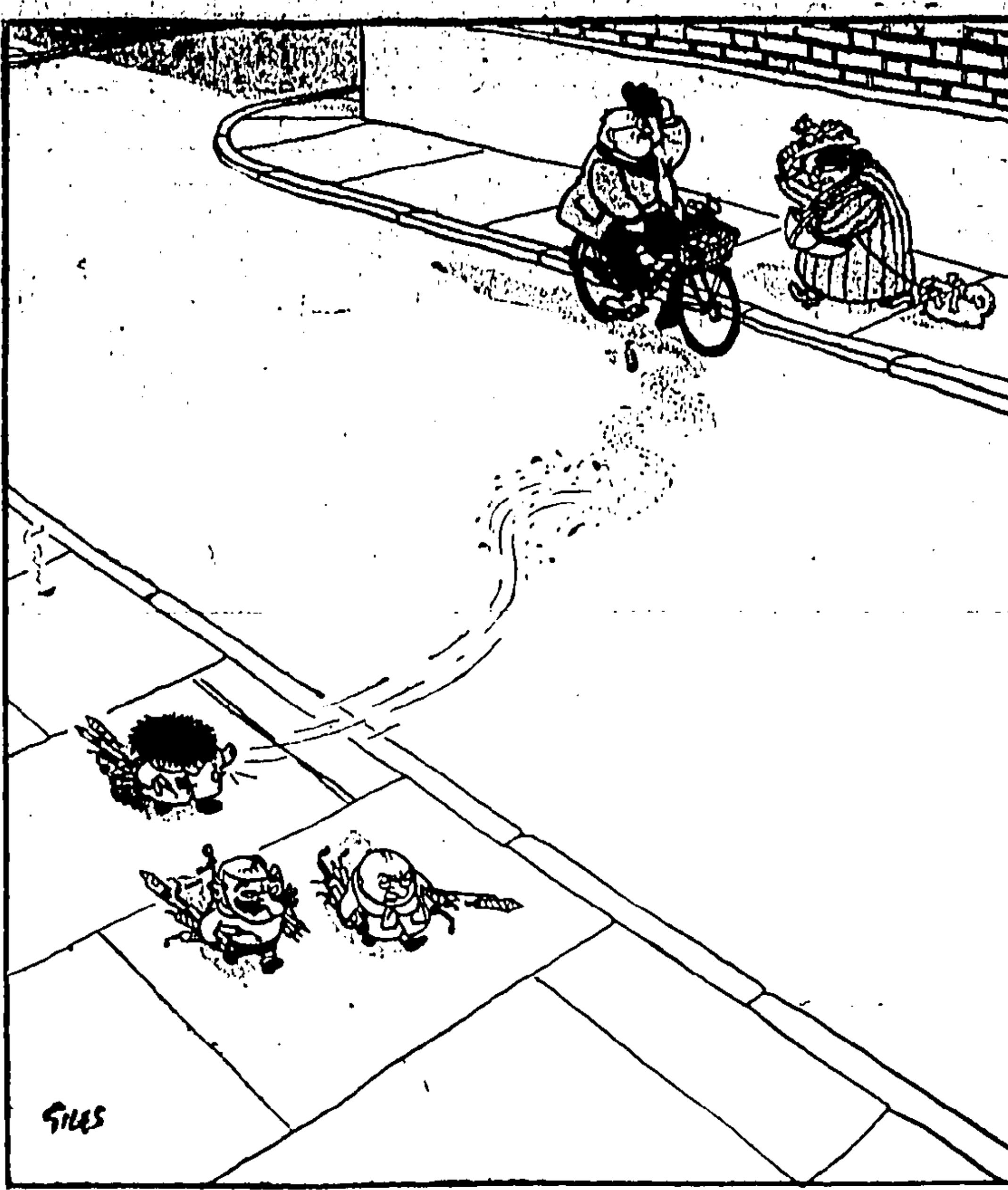
It was to her that he dictated his immortal message: "France has lost a battle, but not a war."

Together they saw the war won. She went with him to Italy. She was with the French armoured unit which re-entered Paris. She was his personal ambassador to Canada and she went there with him in 1945.

Was she in love with the man who loved his country as she did?

In February 1949, at a cocktail party just before she went to seek in a convent the rest and peace she had not had, she gave the answer: "My admiration for the general is just as complete as ever and just as pure. In leaving him I do not lose anything. I shall pray for him."

And now she has come back.



"DON'T let 'em off in the street, DON'T put 'em in Auntie Vera's bed, DON'T put 'em in baby's pram, DON'T tie 'em on the car—and they call it a free country!"

London Express Service

Mr Absalom Plans Some New Weather

He will start by making rain—not because more is needed, but to see whether it can possibly be stopped.

By Mary Hewat

London. THAT all-season joke about the Weather Men controlling Britain's weather is no longer wildly funny. The new research programme of the Meteorological Office recognises weather control as a scientific possibility.

Next year Met. scientists are setting out to make rain in Britain. Not because they think Britain needs more rain. But to find out with scientific accuracy why rain fails, how it can be increased—and perhaps, how it can be stopped.

They will use some strange devices: coke fires to blow smoke at the clouds, radar to trace rainclouds, aircraft to measure raindrops. It will be the most far-reaching rain research yet undertaken in the world.

In charge of the scheme is Mr Henry Absalom, silver-haired £1,700-a-year assistant director of research, a physicist who has been with the Meteorological Office for 34 years.

Before he joined the Meteorological Bureau, Mr Absalom served with Met. section of the Royal Engineers during the 1914-18 war.

In his present job, he supervises research on evaporation

from crops for the Ministry of Agriculture, controls the Meteorological Flight service, with its "wonderfully instrumented" aircraft, has about 30 scientists working under him.

He is a shy man, married, who believes devoutly in "the old idea of the anonymous civil servant." But his shyness does not extend to his staff. He knows most of them well, personally, meets them regularly.

"Rain-making is one of the most controversial subjects in the world," he says, "because nobody can prove results."

"Rain-makers in America claim results from two methods: dropping dry ice (pure carbon dioxide) into clouds from aircraft; and blowing fine particles of silver iodide in smoke (from aircraft) into clouds from ground generators."

EXTREMELY HARD

"BUT...it is extremely hard to tell how much rain would have fallen naturally. No one has yet produced rain where there was not some natural rain from similar clouds in the same area."

So Mr Absalom's team will start from the beginning. Before they try to make rain they will send up their smoke signals with some harmless chemical, then send an aeroplane up to sample the atmosphere and find out how high the chemical particles rise.

"We are not sure that the silver iodide which some rain-makers use actually gets high enough to work. It cannot work unless the temperature is lower than minus five degrees centigrade."

Then will come the rain-making. And where will it come? Probably over Oxfordshire and Bedfordshire.

The area used must be fairly flat, with useful prevailing winds, and close enough to the Durstal radar station so that the clouds can be watched.

Radar men can "see" a thunderstorm 100 miles away. They can pick up ordinary rain at a distance of 30 or 40 miles.

The East Coast could not be used, because any rain made would fall into the North Sea.

"And we don't happen to have any gauges out there."

Mr Absalom, who draws sketches of clouds and raindrops and ice crystals like an enthusiastic stage designer, expects the project to take five or ten years before any tangible results can be shown.

As any Briton knows, it is almost impossible to say what is "normal" in British weather, except that it is usually abnormal.

SMOG CONTROL

That means the research men must have records going back some 30 years, and statisticians must figure out how big a variation from the average actually means anything.

Cost of the research will probably be covered by the normal grant received by the Meteorological Office.

"We will need one man in charge in the field work," said Mr Absalom, "and a few people to take measurements. But we will probably start with one generator, and use our own aircraft and radar station. The Ministry of Supply will provide the chemists."

The border cases between black and white are so indistinguishable that thousands of Negroes each year pack up their bags, move into a white neighbourhood and, if their history is kept firmly secret, "pass" as whites. Their children, like Negroes and may never know of their coloured ancestry. Thus, families whose skin colour differs from white, the whole range of skin colours from white to black, the whole range of lip dimensions from thick to thin, and unpredictable combinations of other traits from all three races.

Residents have had "mulatto" children. There are Negroes alive today who claim the third President, Thomas Jefferson, as their great-great-grandfather. One is a lawyer, another a retired nurse, a third a widow.

There are probably distinguished "white" men in America today, who have "a touch of colour."

The border cases between black and white are so indistinguishable that thousands of Negroes each year pack up their bags, move into a white neighbourhood and, if their history is kept firmly secret, "pass" as whites. Their children, like Negroes and may never know of their coloured ancestry. Thus, families whose skin colour differs from white, the whole range of skin colours from white to black, the whole range of lip dimensions from thick to thin, and unpredictable combinations of other traits from all three races.

Sampling of the atmosphere may provide useful information for designers of high-flying jet aircraft.

And weather control? Says Mr Absalom: "If we find out how to make rain fall effectively, it is certainly within the bounds of scientific possibility that we can learn to stop it falling, or make it fall in the right places."

U.S. REVOLUTION IN RACE RELATIONS

BLACK AND WHITE WILL MERGE

By Jacqueline Engert

Washington. **W**ITHIN a century or so the United States may be a "coloured" nation. And the colour, say the experts, will be light-brunette. They predict complete fusion of America's 165 million white and 15 million blacks. In the future, they say, only a few thousand blacks will be born in each generation. And they will have straight hair, narrow noses and thin lips—for the American Negro will have disappeared.

America today is undergoing a revolution in race relations which paves the way for this ultimate merger of black and white. The U.S. Supreme Court's decision against segregation in State schools, announced last May, was hailed by Negroes as the greatest step forward since Lincoln freed their slave ancestors.

Already there is less colour prejudice in the younger generation, and inter-racial marriage among college students are on the increase. With the end of segregated schools, declared "unconstitutional" by the Supreme Court, there is a prospect of even greater integration between the races.

Other "border" States move slowly towards integrating schools—in some cases with ugly results. Mothers have picketed schools. Children have displayed makeshift signs, "Send them back to Africa," "Kick 'em out," "Back to the plantation."

Angry words greeted the Supreme Court decision in the Deep South, where the real test still to come. The Governor of Georgia, who campaigned for office on the "white supremacy" issue, declared: "The people of Georgia will not comply with the decision of the court. It would take several divisions of troops down here to police every school building in Georgia, and then they wouldn't be able to enforce it. We are going to do whatever it is necessary in Georgia to keep white children in white schools and coloured children in coloured schools. School integration will lead to bloodshed."

There are still 17 "Jim Crow" States in America where a colour bar is enforced by law. In every phase of his life the Negro in these States is still segregated from his white fellow Americans. He is born in a "coloured" cemetery. Throughout his life he must walk through a separate door at a railway station, sit only in the back seat of a bus, use a special toilet, work, play and eat in sections marked "for coloured only."

In Las Vegas, Nevada Negroes must gamble at "coloured" clubs and, most shameful of all, the Negro still must worship apart at a "coloured" church—though his religion is the same.

Employer prejudice keeps the Negro poor, and unemployment rates are 40 percent higher than Negroes than for white men.

There are laws in all Southern and some Western states which

changes in the inter-racial scene stem right from the top—from President Eisenhower, a firm believer in integration. A Negro member of Congress has written: "In less than two years in the White House, President Eisenhower, without political trumpeting, has quietly started a revolution which, I firmly believe, means an era of greater promise for Negro citizens."

Eisenhower has declared: "There must be no second-class citizens in this country."

Until Eisenhower moved into the White House, no Negro had been employed as anything but a janitor or messenger. He installed the first Negro secretary—a woman. He has also appointed 47 Negroes to important posts in the government. Restaurants, cinemas, hotels in the capital have recently been desegregated. White and Negro children of Washington, D. C., may now play in common playgrounds. Segregation is being wiped out in the Forces by Presidential order.

All this is not without danger politically. Commentator David Lawrence writes: "It is not too early to say that the Republican Party has lost out in the South for decades to come." But still the most popular man in America has a small influence on public opinion.

There are laws in all Southern and some Western states which

profoundly affect Negro life. The Negro art form, and the black man has had a lasting influence on the literature of the country. Last year, an English photographer came to America and declared that the buxom standards of American beauty were due purely to the influence of Negro women.

Concludes Ebony, the American Negro magazine: "The American Negro is almost purely Negro art form, and the black man has had a lasting influence on the literature of the country. Last year, an English photographer came to America and declared that the buxom standards of American beauty were due purely to the influence of Negro women."

Concludes Ebony, the American Negro magazine: "The American Negro is the most crazy, mixed-up race on earth. The whole system of racial identification in America is a crazy, mixed-up business. For the Negro it is a hilarious comedy of errors, for he can no longer be identified by his looks by his name, his address, his job, or even his voice. He is a crazy, mixed-up race."

And what about the Negro's voice? "It's all very well, but one of these days someone is going to come out of the world with a voice like his."

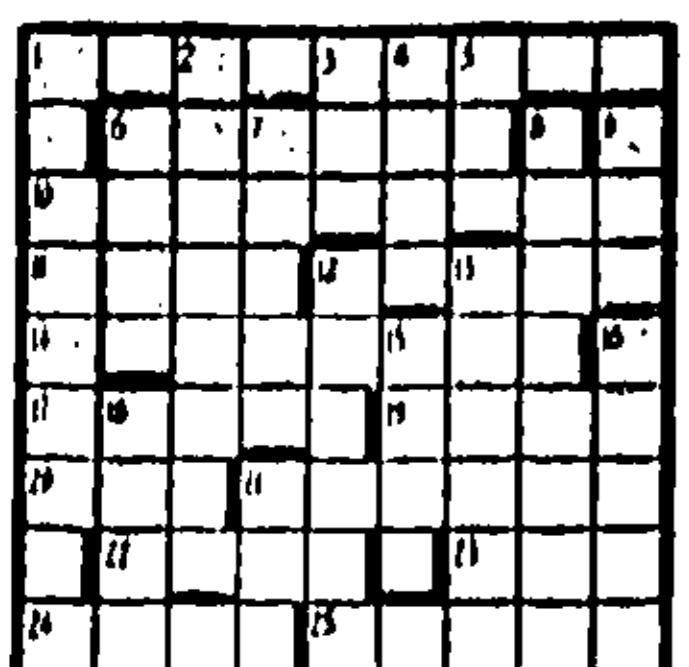
POCKET CARTOON

by OSBERT LANCASTER



"It's all very well, but one of these days someone is going to come out of the world with a voice like his."

CROSSWORD



• BY • THE • WAY •

by Beachcomber

A FEMALE receiver of stolen goods, who used to fill a little boat with the stuff and row it by night down a river to where two male accomplices were waiting, may be said to have rowed to justice.

Prodneose: Ridden, surely.
Myself: No. You don't ride a boat.

Prodneose: Nor do you row a boat.

Prodneose: You could ride it and row it, if you put it in the boat, and rowed while sitting in the saddle. You'd have to put your rowlocks on the saddle, of course.

Prodneose: You'd want very long ears.

Myself: What would you say to a change of subject?

The case gets out of hand

Snaphdriover: What do you usually sing an encore, Mr. Thinstall?

Thinstall: "Thorn"—except in Wolverhampton.

Cocklecarrot: Why is Wolverhampton denied this banquet of the intellect?

Thinstall: They can't stick it. I give them "Mexican Maid."

Snaphdriover: Rather a sharp transition from the doings of Colonel Bottie. You do not, of course, wear the false nose for the intellect?

Thinstall: They can't stick it. It's "Boat and shore, but mixed." (8)

Snaphdriover: Greek one was celebrated in years. (3)

Thinstall: One is to be encouraged occasionally. (10)

Cocklecarrot: (10) about that in the foreground. (6)

Thinstall: (10) I am a man and now. (10)

Snaphdriover: (10) Foreigner, the—heads. (10)

Thinstall: (10) N. I. A. K. (10)

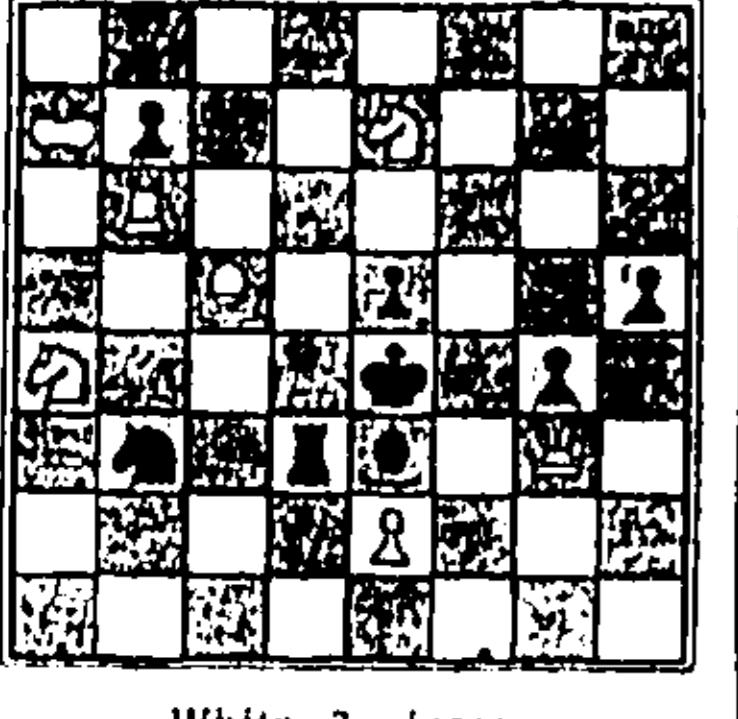
Cocklecarrot: (10) Prohibit mostly a matter of degree. (10)

Saturday's solution.

CHESS PROBLEM

By H. VAN DIJK

Black, 8 pieces.



Cocklecarrot: One might as well wear false ears while playing a cornet solo.

Snaphdriover: Or a wooden bat while conducting "Carmen".

Goosebooke: I don't quite follow all this.

Thinstall: It doesn't seem to concern me, anyhow.

In disgrace

No music-loving hostess now invites me to her house. The row.

Began one evening when they found

Music, to me, was merely sound. I thought—and this was going too far.

That Kreisler was a motor-car.

A complicated situation

A MAN who killed a fly in a caravan which was used as a hen-house has been given six days to pay. "If he wanted to kill the fly," said the magistrate, "he should have brought it outside the caravan, which, under a by-law, counts as an

NORTH (D) 26
♦ KQ10
♦ A8
♦ AJ96

WEST
♦ J8
♦ Q987
♦ Q96
♦ Q74

EAST
♦ 10643
♦ 9642
♦ A732
♦ 4K5

SOUTH
♦ A92
♦ B3
♦ KJ104
♦ 10832

North-South vul.
North East South West
1 ♠ Pass 1 ♠ Pass
1 ♠ Pass 1 N.T. Pass
2 N.T. Pass 3 N.T. Pass
Pass Pass
Opening lead—♦ Q

White, 7 pieces.
White to play mate in two.
Solution: To Saturday's problem:

1. R—K1; threat 2. K1—R6 (ch). 1. ... R—Rt (K3)—B4; 2. Q—K1; 1. ... K1 (K3)—B2; 2. Q—K2; 1. ... K1—B1; 2. R—P; 1. ... K1—Q5; B5. xP. 2. QxQ? (ch).

YOUR BIRTHDAY ... By STELLA

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 22

BORN today, you are clever, single-track mind when you have decided that you really want to do something, and when others do not do what you instantly. Just remember that you don't always consider the consequences. Be sure to think carefully before you wed. To follow impulse, here, would be to make a mistake.

Younger, when the stars have in store for you tomorrow, select your birthday star and read the corresponding paragraph. Let your birth-day star be your daily guide.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 23

NAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 22)—Not the best day for you to make an important decision. Postpone it until later if you possibly can.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22-Jan. 20)—If you are just a little more careful than you care, you will avoid any trouble which might arise to thwart your plans.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—You are making a serious error today if you are careless. All is well with you.

PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 20)—Cautious with your time and the results are rewarding. You should be too experimental or taking risks.

ARIES (Mar. 21-Apr. 19)—You accomplish more today than you may have realized if you keep your eye on your major objective.

TAROT (Apr. 20-May. 21)—By taking ordinary precautions you can avoid signs of trouble and actually make excellent progress.



CARD Sense

Q—The bidding has been: South West North East
1 Spade Pass 3 Spades Pass

You, South, hold: Spades K-Q-9-7-6, Hearts 8-4, Diamonds A-K-J-9, Clubs 5-3. What do you do?

A—Bid four spades. You have only 13 points in high cards, and even an allowance for spade length, and the two doubletons can bring the count only up to 16 points. The combined count may be as low as 18 points, and you have two worthless doubletons. You cannot afford to make a move towards slam.

TODAY'S QUESTION

The bidding is the same as in the question just answered. You, South, hold: Spades K-Q-9-7-6, Hearts 8-4, Diamonds A-K-J-9, Clubs 5-3. What do you do?

THE CHINA MAIL, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1954.

WOMANSENSE

Pantaloons For Winter



• JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Someone's 'Looney' In This Game Hand

By OSWALD JACOBY

IT'S a good general proposition that when both sides play the same suit, one side is crazy. See how this principle works out in today's hand.

West opened the queen of hearts and dummy won with the king. South accurately deduced that the opening lead had been made from a suit headed by the queen-jack, and he therefore knew that he could win three heart tricks by finessing dummy's ace-ten.

Declarer was so intent on winning these three heart tricks that he led a spade to his ace at the second trick and then returned a heart to finess dummy's ten.

This manoeuvre gave declarer a clearer view of the expected three heart tricks, but it also put the defenders one trick closer to the establishment of their best suit.

It was really their job to establish the hearts, and it was most unlikely for South to help them in their job.

When declarer next led a diamond from the dummy, East hopped up with the ace of diamonds in order to return his last heart.

South cashed the king and queen of spades, hoping that the suit would break. When the spades failed to break, declarer

or two of fun and sense that an adult mind would never have imagined.

For instance—

• How do you carry a conked-out crook?

ANSWER, from "Mystery of the Old Mill," made by boys at the Lancastrian Secondary School, Chichester: Take four boys, each grab a hand or foot, leaving the limp middle of the man to bump along the road.

• How do you treat the opposite sex?

ANSWER, from "The Picnic," made by boys and girls at Yeadon Primary School, Middle-

wears pantaloons under a housecoat, also suggests them for cold drives.

Above, Rix has sketched the pantaloons which look lovely in scarlet or royal blue, trimmed with white broderie anglaise frills. Girl on the right wears them.

Girl on the left wears pyjamas of the same material and her friend has a matching nightie.

—EILEEN ASCROFT

SERVE FRENCH

By IDA BAILE

A TISKET, a basket, hummed the Chef, as he sliced away at a long loaf of French bread and attacked the slices in an attractive wicker bread basket.

"I hope the ladies always first put a paper doily or folded napkin in the bread basket, Madame, and that they keep the doily in the cupboard away from dust. It should also be dunked often in warm water for cleanliness."

The new plastic baskets are attractive, but they do not have the charm of the hand-woven ones. I especially like that big shallow tray-like basket I just bought, Madame. It will be perfect for sandwiches or asparagus. In this case, a lining of aluminum foil will make a glorious background for the food."

DINNER

Beef Soup Croutons
Pot-au-Feu Assorted Vegetables
Peach Custard Pie
Coffee Tea Milk

All Measurements Are Level
Recipes Serve 4 to 6

Pease Custard Pie: Line a 9-in. pie plate with pie pastry rolled a scant 1/4 in. thick. Peel and thin-slice 6 fresh peaches. Add 2/3 c. sugar, 1 tsp. cornstarch, 1/4 tsp. salt, and 1/4 tsp. cinnamon. Arrange them in the pie plate.

Beat 2 eggs slightly. Add 1 1/2 c. milk; pour over the peaches. Bake 10 min. in a hot oven, 425° F. Continue to bake 35 min. at 350° F., or until a knife

inserted in the center comes out clean.

Meatballs: For 4, mix which is French for pot-on-the-fire, is a favorite dish in France, where it makes the main part of the dinner, including the soup, meat and vegetables. It also provides oddments to make a thick soup for a third meal. Here is the way to make Pot-au-Feu.

Rub 5 lbs. inexpensive high-protein skin or shank of beef with a mixture of 2 1/2 tsp. salt, 1/4 tsp. pepper and 3/4 c. flour. Slow-brown and cover in fat in a large heavy kettle. Add 3 bay leaves and 1 qt. boiling water. Cover and simmer 2 hrs., or until almost tender.

Then add 1 lb. quartered carrots, 1 1/2 lbs. sliced turnip, 12 medium-sized peeled onions and 12 peeled medium-sized white potatoes. Slow-brown and cover in fat. Strain the soup. To it, add 1 c. thin-sliced celery and 1 lb. coarse-shredded cleaned spinach. Simmer 25 min.

Soup: Serve the soup in bowls, garnished with croutons. Slice the meat and arrange down the centre of a platter with the vegetables around the edge. Pass horse-radish sauce.

The Shy Tot

Needs More Self-reliance

By G. C. MYERS, Ph.D.

TOO many mothers worry needlessly because their children are shy.

Always these mothers seem to feel that the tot's shyness reflects unfavourably on them; that their adult friends disapprove of them for letting the child be so shy, and expect them to force the youngster to snap out of it.

I am thinking of the mother whose babe in arms won't let a guest hold him, or who cries when the guest picks him up, or when the guest speaks to him or goes near to him.

I am thinking of the shy tot who, while with his mother on the street, is accosted by a friend of hers. He may turn his head and chew his fist in silence, while being urged in vain to speak. The frustrated, embarrassed mother supposes the friend expects her to punish the child if he doesn't speak. Sometimes the supposition is correct. Sometimes, indeed, the mother does rebuke and shame the youngster, or threaten him with punishment, or warn him of what will happen when she gets him home.

THE PROPER TECHNIQUE

But the poor youngster did not act as he did on purpose. He was so paralysed with fear that he could do otherwise. The cruel friend, and the child's mother were, especially the mother. If she really had understood this child, and imagined herself in his place, she would have diverted the attention of the friend away from the child as soon as it was apparent that he was too shy to speak. Had the mother waited, the youngster might soon have mustered up enough courage to respond conveniently.

I don't think that boy's shyness need present a hard problem if the mother will be very patient, and urge him to go to people until he feels like it.

DON'T USE FORCE

If he doesn't want to go into a room where there are a number of people, she shouldn't urge him. If the mother waits long enough, he will gain courage. I think the best procedure is to get him to play with more children about his age. By and by, he will discover that they are not shy of adults, and, as a result, he will gradually imitate them.

Let me end this column with a little child is not a definite commanding, but it is a definite reminder that the mother should not be afraid to let her child go to the door to see who is there. That is the best way to teach a child to be independent.

Fun And Sense In Films Directed By Children

London. At a show we went to recently the stars and the audience were children.

But for once it wasn't an end-of-term attempt at Shakespeare.

It was a premiere of five films written, shot, acted and directed by children from five different schools—and what a much better idea this is than forcing children to mug up the lines and putting them off "Macbeth" for life!

The films, surprisingly adult in camera technique, had a flesh

giving of October, my bird tenants begin to get cold. I see them sitting up on their branches waiting for the sun to warm them up. I always feel as if I'd like to light a fire for them or something—but of course you can't do anything like that in a tree."

Knarf and Hand nodded and said they understood.

"So," continued Squire Squirrel, "they finally do one thing—they pack up and fly south. And that's what's about to happen now. Just this morning, in fact, Mr. and Mrs. Robin came to me and told me they were getting ready to leave."

"And besides," said Hand, "we'd get cold, too."

"I guess you're right," said Squire. "It doesn't look as if they would be able to do so."

"And besides," said Hand, "we'd get cold, too."

"I was wondering," said Owl, after he had exchanged greetings with Squire Squirrel and the two shadow-children. "I was wondering if you had a nice little hollow in this Maple Tree where I could spend a comfortable winter!"

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SATURDAY'S RUGGER

TWO THRILLING MATCHES START OFF THE PENTANGULAR TOURNEY

By "PAK LO"

Not for many years have two such thrill-filled matches started the Pentangular Tournament as those which were seen on Saturday afternoon on the Club ground at Happy Valley.

The Club in a tense and gripping game narrowly defeated the Navy by 8 points (1 goal, 1 penalty goal) to 6 points (2 penalty goals). Following this the Army received a rude awakening when after they had been leading comfortably in the first half, the RAF put up such a magnificent second half battle that although the Army won by 11 points (1 goal, 2 tries, 1 penalty goal) to 8 points (1 goal, 1 penalty goal) it was the RAF who took the honours for this game.

The Club, thanks to the services of Meffan, got the greater share of the ball in the set scrums, and the other forwards, particularly Slack, gave their three plenty of chances in the lineouts.

However, the three, despite their many chances, did not do too well together, and there was too much kicking ahead when a pass out to the wing would have done much more damage.

Ridinger, while doing quite well, did not live up to his earlier promise and possibly switching him and Turville would improve the backs.

Kirkwood, playing in rather shabby and terrible keeping, his foot and except for a couple of brilliant solo runs had rather an unhappy day. Steven and Petrie again shone in the loose. The Navy backs, on the other hand, did not get much chance to shine until the latter part of the game, and Harris was the outstanding three, though his centres were a little selfish and tried to go through on them own.

A GRAND FEATURE

The Navy full back, Lloyd was like his namesake of the Police very good indeed and his long kicks for touch were a grand feature of this game.

The Navy wing forwards broke very fast and gave Cole no end of trouble, though they were a little too fast at times and put themselves offside.

The other forwards, with the exception of Annandale, were a little slow in backing up their three moves, but their push in the set scrums would have robbed a lesser hooker than Meffan of the ball.

The Club kicked off into the sun, and attacked, and before the Navy knew what had happened the Club kicked ahead and Inglis was up fast to touch down well out. Petrie's kick hit the upright and bounded in. Score after 90 seconds 6-0.

The Club had barely seconds to congratulate themselves before the Navy attacked and about five yards outside the Club 25 the Navy were awarded a penalty and Annandale put it between the posts to make the score, after two and half minutes, 5-3.

A breathing spell of mid-field play followed and then Harris went tearing down the wing in grand style but was tackled by Inglis. After this the play surged from one end of the field to the other.

Then the Club were awarded a penalty for offside well out. The Club forwards followed up well and got the ball and passed it out to the three and Turville tried a drop at goal and missed narrowly. The Navy took the ball at their feet, but lost it to the Club forwards who rushed it to the Navy 25. There the Club were given a penalty well out and Stoker scored with a lovely kick, 8-3.

The Club pressed again, and a run by Cole followed by a pass out to Stone looked dangerous, but Lloyd tackled on the Navy five-yard line and forced him into touch. The Navy won and cleared upfield.

The score remained unchanged until the second half. The first few minutes of the second half passed without interest and then the Club attacked and were awarded a penalty for offside but this time it was just inside the Navy half and Stoker could not quite make the distance.

Away went the Navy three with Balles showing up well to the Club 25, and the Navy forwards took it on another ten yards where they were given a penalty for offside and Annandale kicked it smack between the posts, 8-6.

Club still kept up the pressure and Inglis had a lovely run but was too fast for his other three and a good chance was missed. The Navy attacked now but time and again Inglis was

Grimsby Town Sign Up A Hungarian Coach

London, Nov. 21.

Football history was made in England when Grimsby Town, the Division III Northern club, signed an ex-Hungarian centre-half international last week as their coach.

He is 48-year-old Emilio Berkessy. Berkessy played in 17 internationals for Hungary, and acted as a Hungarian state coach before the war.

Among the players he taught were Hidegkuti and Puskas, two of Hungary's top stars today. In his younger days Berkessy was himself a pupil of Aston Villa's coach, Jimmy Hogan, the original tutor of top class football in Hungary.

Three years after the war Berkessy left Hungary for Italy, where he coached a Milan club. In 1951 he moved to Spain to coach Zaragoza, a Barcelona team. And last week he was given a free hand to coach Grimsby Town in the continental style of play.

The main trouble is that Berkessy, although speaking five languages, does not know much English. So until he

Corno And Cabrera In Tokyo

Tokyo, Nov. 21. Argentine runners Reinaldo Corno and Delfo Cabrera arrived here by air today to take part in the Marathon race, over a course of 42,195 metres at Kamakura near Tokyo, on December 5.

Cabrera was placed first in the Marathon event at the London Olympics in 1948. Corno was second in the Heidelberg Olympic Marathon event—China Mail.

WHO WOULDN'T?



England goalkeeper Ray Wood involuntarily covers up—and who wouldn't—with the bulk of Wales' centre-forward John Charles towering over him, during a raid on the England goal in the International at Wembley, London. England won 3-2.—Reuterphoto.

WAR CRY INSPIRED BRITAIN'S WORLD RUGBY CUP TRIUMPH

By DAVID NICHOLLS

The Macphersons are coming. The wild Scots war-cry the Border folk taught Britain's Rugby League captain Dave Valentine echoed last week through the English countryside from Dover to Leeds and Manchester.

For the Great Britain team brought home the World Cup, the same lads who left England three weeks ago and were tagged the team without a chance.

Now they are world conquerors, proud holders of the three-foot trophy which cost French Rugby League President Paul Barrière £5,000.

Britain whipped Australia and New Zealand. They tamed the fighting French by 16 points to 12 in a hard, relentless final at the Parc des Princes.

They are acknowledged the best British team since the war. They get unstinted praise from every opponent. And they have amazed and bewildered the locals from Paris to the Mediterranean coast and back again with the strange sounds that so frequently come from their coach.

Valentine started it in Lyons. He led them into battle against the redoubtable Australians to the wild rhythm of "Macphersons" lifted him to one of the all-time greats of Rugby football.

Hard on his heels is Warrington's cheeky chappy Gerry Helme. "The best ever," says Keith Holman, the Australian scrum half, "who has taken a drubbing from Helme here and in Australia this summer."

That was what beat the French. They were driven back by the length of Ledgard's kick, harassed into errors by Valentino and his five eager forwards, bewildered by the wiles of Helme.

Referee Charlie Appleton, who annoyed me at Toulouse, did a good job. He had to work with two touch judges better suited for a music hall act. He had the crowd howling at him for 80 minutes—so perhaps it was sound diplomacy not to send off at least two French forwards who deserved such punishment.

—(London Express Service)

Minor Counties Final Placings Still Undecided

London, Nov. 21.

The final placings in the Minor Counties Cricket Championship have not been announced yet though it is many weeks since the last match was played.

Though nothing can displace Surrey Second XI from the post of Champions, the point at issue is whether Devon finished second or fourth. This will be decided at a meeting to be held next month.

It is the rule of this competition that at the end of the season's programme the second team in the table challenges the top team to decide the Champions.

Surrey Second team finished top, followed by Devon, who exercised their right. Unfortunately rain interfered with the challenge game to such an extent that when ordinary time ran out on the last day Devon were eight runs short of gaining first innings lead.

RECALCULATED

Then the umpires agreed to carry on and Devon duly gained first innings points. Points were recalculated by including this first innings advantage for Devon and against Surrey, but as can so easily happen in such calculations when another match has to be taken into account, it lowered the average of the two teams.

The Minor Counties table is determined on an average of games played because participating teams do not all play the same number or face the same opposition.

The recalculations of the 1954 challenge match left Surrey

second team on top as Champions—but dropped Devon to fourth place.

So they will propose to next month's meeting that if there is no decision in challenge matches no points should be awarded and the pre-challenge positions should stand instead of calculating on first innings advantage in an incomplete game.

In the event of the challenging County beating the top team they are hailed as Champions and the losers drop to second place without any points calculation.—China Mail Special.

India Leads Pakistan 5-0 In Thomas Cup Tie

Karachi, Nov. 21.

India took a winning 5-0 lead against Pakistan in the Asian Zone semi-final of the Thomas Cup Badminton Tournament here today.

They will meet Hongkong in the Zone final.

India made a clean sweep by winning all five matches today in addition to their four wins yesterday.

Today's results were:

Gujar Hamdan beat Irshad Ahmad 16-5, 11-16, 15-12.

Nandu Natakar beat Shamshad Ali 13-14, 15-5.

Trikannan Seth beat Nazir Rajput 15-12, 15-4.

Manoj Guha and Gajanan Hamdan beat Laili Gannal 15-3, 15-7.

Nandu Natakar and R. Dongre beat Shamshad Ali and Irshad Ahmad 15-8, 15-3.

—Reuter.

LETTER TO THE EDITOR

Isn't The NTACA Sufficient?

Sir.—The article by NTACA in the Tuesday and Thursday editions of the China Mail, in which he calls for a Colony governing body for cycling, are sound in principle and the presence of such a body would be in the best interests of cycling in Hongkong:

It would be able to represent the views and interests of all racing cyclists and probably its word would carry more weight than the words of an assortment of small clubs.

In spite of these factors, I think the formation of a new body unnecessary. Could not the other clubs affiliate to the New Territories Army Cycling Association, the oldest and best organised of all the cycling groups now in the Colony?

They have complete rules for all types of racing, schedules of records, courses properly marked out and measured, and a smooth running organisation.

Affiliation to the NTACA would not interfere with the administration of individual clubs, as shown by the way Army unit clubs are run in affiliation to the Association.

Additional controlling bodies bring with them additional problems. Affiliation to the NTACA would bring the new problems and would eliminate most of the old ones. What do other cyclists think?

Yours sincerely,
C. L. O. O. C. T. C.

Shek O Golf-Club

Aces Concert Party

Table Tennis Finals

Fire at Tai Po Road

Christ Church Fete

Swedish Soccer Team

Vietnam Cocktail Party

BOAC Cocktail Party

British Trade Delegation

Red Cross Distribution of Clothing

Stanley Prison Sports Association

School for the Deaf Exhibition

Sports Club

Dinner, Dance

Quarry Bay School Sports

Bellios School, Speechday

Local Presentations

Local Christenings

All Local Weddings

and All Local Events

Available

—Reuter.

PHOTOGRAPHS by our Staff Photographers

SPECIAL CASH SWEEP

Tickets for the Special Cash Sweep on the Pensee Memorial Cup scheduled to be run on 22nd January, 1955, at \$2 each, may be obtained from the Cash Sweep Office.

Tickets are advised not to destroy or throw away their tickets until after the "all clear" signal has been exhibited.

ALL WINNING TICKETS AND TICKETS FOR REFUNDS

MUST BE PRESENTED FOR PAYMENT AT THE RACE COURSE ON THE DAY TO WHICH THEY REFER, NOT LATER THAN ONE HOUR AFTER THE TIME FOR WHICH THE LAST RACE OF THE DAY HAS BEEN SCHEDULED TO BE RUN.

PAYMENTS WILL NOT BE MADE ON TORN OR DISFIGURED TICKETS.

Bookmakers, Tots, Tab, etc., etc., will not be permitted to operate within the premises of the Hong Kong Jockey Club.

By Order of the Stewards
H. M. MILLS

P&O B.I. E&A COMPANIES

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Leaves London	Due Hongkong
"CORFU"		14th December
"CANTON"	8th December	10th Jan., 1955
"CHUBAN"	21st	18th Jan., 1955
Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore		
Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CORFU"	17th December	17th Jan., 1955
"CANTON"	14th Jan., 1955	14th Feb., 1955
"CHUBAN"	2nd Feb.	2nd March
Via Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Port Said & London		

* Also calls Marseilles.

FREIGHT SERVICE

Homewards	Leaving	For
"NUNDA"	8th Dec.	Singapore, Port Swartmann, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Hamburg

With liberty to call at Belawan before or after Straits Ports and at Bombay if Inducement offers.

Tanks available for carriage of Oil in Bulk. Space for refrigerated cargo. Limited Passenger accommodation.

BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

"FULTALA"	In Port	from Japan
	sails 22nd Nov	for Singapore, Rangoon, Calcutta & Chittagong
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P. & O./B. I. JOINT SERVICE

"OZARDA"	due 24th Nov	from P.O., Bombay, Colombo & Singapore
"OBRA"	sails 25th Nov	from Japan
	sails 26th Nov	for Singapore, Penang, Bombay, Karachi, Basrah, Aden, Khorramshahr & Kuwait
"ORDIA"	due 27th Nov.	from P.O. & Karachi

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"NANKIN"	due 6th Dec	from Japan
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All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

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Fast regular freight—refrigerator—passenger service to Korea, Japan, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Rangoon, Calcutta and Chittagong.

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Sails Nov. 22 for Kobe & Yokohama.

"BRADEVERETT"

Arrives Nov. 28 from Singapore.

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(Accepting cargo for transhipment

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Arrives Dec. 7 from Singapore.

Sails Dec. 7 for Kobe & Yokohama.

"STAR ARCTURUS"

Arrives Dec. 8 from Japan.

Sails Dec. 8 for Manila, Singapore, Madras, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi, Khorramshahr.

(Accepting cargo for transhipment

Kobe/Pusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

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News contributions, always welcome, should be addressed to the Editor, business communications and advertisements to the Secretary.

Telephone: 15611 (5 Lines).

KOWLOON OFFICE:
Salisbury Road.

Telephone: 25221.

BIRTHS

GRIEVE—To Joyce and Stanley, on November 21, 1954, at Matilda Hospital, a son. Both well.

FOR SALE

BRITISH MADE children's shoes up to \$10.00 pair. Also men's shoes Hongkong & Shanghai Bazaar Causeway Bay (opposite Capitol Theatre).

PACKING PAPER in bales of approximately 100 lbs. Apply "S. C. M. Post Ltd."

WANTED KNOWN

DR. SCHOLL'S Foot Comfort House, Hongkong, helps you enjoy work and play better. Qualified Chiropodist in attendance.

LUIK CHAN STUDIO Paintings for sale. Portraits undertaken. Individual tuition in painting given. Inspection invited. 101 Hennessy Road, 1st floor.

MORFAT WHIPPING for all party occasions. It is an excellent whipping cream at a most reasonable price 11 oz. tin \$1.20, 5 lbs. tub 90 cts. Also Morfat 20 fl. oz. fine table cream. Obtainable at all grocers.

MUSICAL

UPRIGHT GRAND PIANO by Walker. Price £1,200.00. Also fresh stocks of new and reconditioned upright grand pianos by well known makers, musical instruments, music publications. Piano tuners and stringing. Mayfair Music Co., 23, Chiswell Street, London, 19-F. Chiswick Building. Phone 2731.

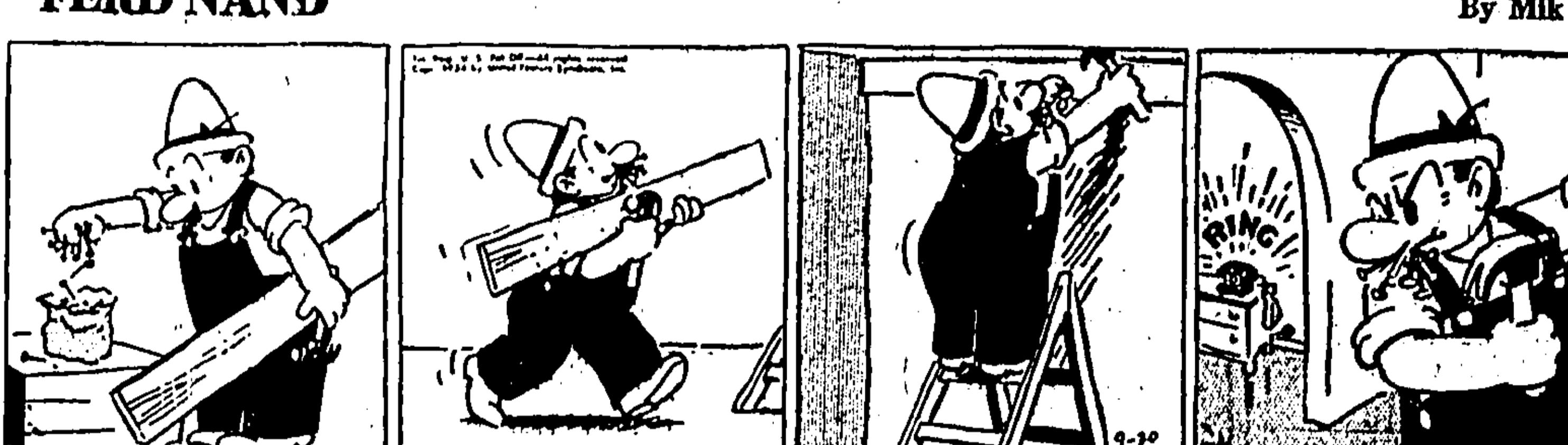
STAMPS

SOMETHING NEW and EXCLUSIVE. Fresh stocks received. Collection of packets of assorted stamps. From 20 cents per packet upwards. An entire new series. South China Mail, P.O. Box 1, Wyndham Street and Belgrave Road, Kowloon.

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN



FERD'NAND



NANCY



JOHNNY HAZARD



NOTICE

CHINA LIGHT & POWER CO. LTD.

Notice To Shareholders.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Thirty-second Ordinary Meeting of the Company's Shareholders will be held at 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, 18th December, 1954, in the Company's Hong Kong Office, St. George's Building, 2nd floor, Chater Road, Victoria, Hong Kong, for the purpose of:

1. Receiving the Statement of Accounts and Report of the Directors for the year ended 30th September, 1954.

2. Electing two Directors.

3. Appointing Auditors and fixing their remuneration.

4. Confirming the Interim Dividend of 30 cents per share, free of tax, and sanctioning the recommendation of the Directors as to the payment of a Final Dividend of 70 cents per share, free of tax, in respect of fully paid shares and a proportionate amount in respect of partly paid shares.

Germany To Clamp Down On Emigrants

Bonn, Nov. 21. West Germany, which has lost about 250,000 citizens through emigration since the war, plans now to reduce the exodus because of its threat to the building up of the Republic's new armed forces.

The constitution prevents the Government from banning emigration so that the Government will have to ask receiving countries—mainly Canada and the United States—to reduce the incentives which they offer to immigrants.

The Government has already requested local authorities to give wide powers to subsidise emigrants travel abroad, to refuse aid to men between 18 and 26 who are liable to military service. There can still emigrate, however, if they own their own farms.

TO AVOID SERVICE

A recent poll of emigrants by a public opinion institute showed that 15 out of every 100 emigrants leave the country because they want to avoid military service in West Germany.

Over 90,000 West Germans, most of them between 18 and 25, emigrated last year. Since the war, 105,000 have gone to the United States, 59,000 to Canada, 15,000 to Latin and Central America, 13,000 to Australia and 6,000 to South Africa.

The Transfer Books and Register of Shareholders will be closed as from 4th December, 1954, to 17th December, 1954, both days inclusive. Dividend Warrants will be available for collection, or will be dealt with in accordance with standing instructions, on or after 20th December, 1954.

Dated at Hong Kong this 20th day of November, 1954.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
P. W. A. WOOD,
Secretary & Chief Accountant.

Hong Kong, 20th Nov., 1954.

CHILDREN'S

REVENGE

London, Nov. 21. An English married couple left their home for 48 hours recently to visit a friend, and on their return found their house in a mess: furniture was broken to pieces and covered with shoe-polish, broken china was covered with jam and not a single cup or plate was intact. Window panes were all smashed.

The couple, Mr and Mrs Marion, called in the police. Baffled at first the police finally succeeded in pinning the vandalism on a youthful gang, whose age ranged from four to eight. The children evidently had been soled one day by Mr. Marion and they took their revenge by playing Red Indians in his house during his absence with his wife. The children smashed the furniture and ate all the jam, after which they broke up every piece of crockery they found. The children were brothers and sisters—Franco-Frenses.

WORLD PEACE CHURCH DOORS

Duesseldorf, Nov. 21.

This heavily-bombed industrial city yesterday presented the doors for the World Peace Church in atom-bombed Hiroshima to Japan.

The doors, inscribed in Japanese with the words "The door to peace is the love for one another," will be fitted to the main entrance to the Church. They were received by the Japanese Ambassador to West Germany, Mr. Shunichi Kase, who thanked the German people, and praised their humanitarianism.—United Press.

Modern Science—Our Magic Carpet

Present-day Living Made Easy By Psychology

By Joe Jones

Psychology has come to mean much more than a word in text-books. It is used variously and widely in present-day living—and nowhere more outstandingly than in the invention of new products for the health, ease and comfort of peoples the world over.

A Richmond, Virginia, woman applied psychology to the study of the common house-fly—and came up with the newest device to repel this insect, which is not only a pest but an actual menace to human health, as a carrier of germs.

She studied the reactions of the fly and discovered that he is afraid of a mass of loose, uneven cotton fibres, especially white ones. The reason, she explained, is that the fly, landing on such material, may become entangled in the loose fibres and be unable to escape. In one form, her recent patented repeller is made in the shape of a spider. The device helps golfers to determine which ball is best for their individual use.

Psychology also has been called into play in the use of a new material for bags containing candies. The bulk of the billion dollars worth of candy sold annually in the United States is packaged in bags which must be not only moisture proof but also tough enough to prevent breaking.

It consists of a slowly revolving circular platform which is suspended from a pole and fitted with tables and chairs. As the patrons pass a stationary platform on the ground

General Naguib Removed As President



General Naguib (on right), who has been removed as Egyptian President, is seen at the Goumhourieh Palace when he handed in his resignation.—Express Photo.

GENERAL FRANCO PLANS FOR THE FUTURE

Madrid, Nov. 21. The 62-year-old Generalissimo Francisco Franco is planning for the future.

Apart from his present negotiations to permit the preparation of the 16-year-old Prince Juan Carlos to become the future King of Spain, General Franco is now concentrating on planning the major issues of State and is steadily leaving more of the routine work to his Cabinet Ministers.

When he next changes his Cabinet which is unlikely to be before next summer as there are municipal elections and the constitution of a new Parliament early next year, many people think that he will name a deputy Prime Minister to relieve him of some of the work of Government.

He has modified his relaxations too. He has given up tennis and taken to golf and painting and fishing.

But despite these adaptations in his way of life, there is no question of fundamental changes in his regime.

He still believes that one political party, a Parliament elected by groups and not by direct popular vote and one labour union organisation, are the keys to a peaceful and prosperous regime for Spain.

★ ★ ★

He continues to live a simple life at his country residence of El Pardo, a white-painted, blue-tiled chateau on a Velazquez landscape covered with scrub oak, about 10 miles from Madrid.

He rises at 6.30, shaves and dresses himself—he dislikes to have people fussing over him—knels down and prays for a few moments, and then has a breakfast composed only of several cups of coffee, taken while reading Madrid's three morning newspapers.



Gen. Franco

the advice of one of Spain's leading doctors, Dr. Gregorio Marañon, who says that one should drink one glass of wine at lunch, but no more.

On Sundays, he often goes shooting or fishing. Or he may spend the day painting, for, like Sir Winston Churchill and other figures, General Franco likes to get in front of an easel. He does reasonably good still life and landscape paintings.

He is also an enthusiastic amateur photographer both with an ordinary pack-camera and a movie camera, and has taken hundreds of pictures of his two small granddaughters Carmen and María.

Varies Burden

General Franco is careful to vary his heavy burden of work by a break of four or five days each month.

In autumn, he shoots grouse or rabbits; partridge or deer or wild boar in winter. In spring and early summer, he shoots the rare ibex, mountain goats, 2,000 metres up in the Gerdos Sierra, fishes for trout at La Granja or for salmon at Santillana. In summer, he loves deep-sea fishing and his greatest enjoyment is a couple of hours' tussle from his armchair at the stern of his yacht, the Azor, with a 100-kilogramme tunny-fish.

He may play a round of golf before returning to work, but by 6.30 or 6, he is back in his study where he works until around 10 p.m.

Supper is a light meal for General Franco. Sometimes he just has a cup of tea and some biscuits.

★ ★ ★

Twice a week, supper is followed by a film show at which the latest world films are run. General Franco is very fond of the cinema and has a particular liking for Walt Disney's pictures. Once, he started himself to draw sketches for an animated cartoon for children, but he gave it up.

On other nights, Spain's "Caudillo" reads until midnight, usually books on military history, art, economics or the sea. At midnight, he and his wife kneel down and say the Rosary. Then he takes books or papers on State affairs with him to bed, and reads or works until two or three o'clock in the morning.

At midnight, he and his wife kneel down and say the Rosary. Then he takes books or papers on State affairs with him to bed, and reads or works until two or three o'clock in the morning.

This routine is interrupted on Fridays by the weekly Cabinet meeting attended by the 15 Ministers presided over by General Franco. These begin at 9 a.m., except on the first Friday in each month, when they start at 10 a.m. to permit Ministers who are devout Catholics to go to Holy Communion, and last until 1.30. They continue from 8 p.m. onwards, sometimes until 1 a.m. or 2 a.m.

No matter what time the meetings finish, Senora Franco

visitors of the armed services and on Wednesdays he sits with his visitors and often dines at 3.30 or 4 p.m. on these days.

His "cafe" was set up several years ago when the last visitor of his morning audience left at 6.30 p.m., and General Franco sat down to "lunch" at ten minutes past seven.

Lunch is a simple meal at which General Franco follows

TRADE AND COMMERCE SECTION

Britain Must Export More Despite Trade Improvement

From Ronald Boxall

London, Nov. 21. Despite a marked improvement in her balance of trade payments with other countries Britain's main concern is still to pay her way abroad. To do this she must export more.

So says the British Treasury in its Bulletin for Industry which this week discusses the recent improvement of gold reserves against a background of Britain's overall payments position.

Though Britain's current surplus has increased and gold reserves have a more healthy glow, the Treasury is not quite so happy about the situation as one might have thought.

For Britain's balance of payments has improved at a time when world trade in manufactured goods has been expanding vigorously. But Britain's own exports have risen a little less than average.

Exports of manufactures are, as the Treasury points out, only part of the balance of payments picture. But in its opinion the figures for world trade should provide a corrective to any over optimism.

Nevertheless, the balance of payments position as has recently developed is definitely encouraging, even by the Treasury's severe standards.

The Bulletin for Industry points out that though the movement of gold reserves is a rough measure of the standing of sterling it tells only part of the story. To complete it is necessary to take into account the balance between these reserves—which are Britain's short term assets—and sterling liabilities which are other countries' short term claims against her.

MARKED CHANGE

It is a change in this balance, says the Treasury, rather in movements in reserves alone which is important for assessing the strength of sterling. And fortunately there has been a marked change for the better in this balance.

In 1951 the balance deteriorated by £682 million because assets fell by £344 million and liabilities rose by £338 million. In 1952 assets continued to fall, but liabilities fell even more and so the balance improved by £171 million. Last year assets and liabilities rose by almost the same amount and the balance between them was only £18 million better.

In the first six months of this year the position greatly improved. Assets rose by £178 million while liabilities rose by only £89 million, an improvement of £90 million.

This balance is of the utmost importance for if Britain does not have a current surplus large enough to cover investments abroad her short term position gets worse and sterling invariably suffers.

In fact, in the first half of the year Britain had a current surplus large enough to permit £88 million of net investment abroad and still leave £90 million to improve the assets' liability balance.

NUMBER OF REASONS

According to the Treasury there were a number of reasons why Britain's position improved so markedly in the first six months of 1954.

1. Exports of merchandise were up by £91 million chiefly because Australia and New Zealand lifted import restrictions and bought more from Britain. Exports to Europe were also up, but those to North America were down.

2. Imports were also higher but the rise was only about one-third of that registered by exports. But the Treasury does not expect this trend to be maintained for long. If British economy continues to expand at its present pace a faster rate of increase in imports is likely.

3. Invisible earnings were £40 million better. About half this improvement, however, was accounted for by the fact that in the first half of the year there are no large investment payments to make on North American loans. The rest was due to bigger earnings from shipping and other invisible items, including oil receipts.

4. Defence aid is down considerably and now makes only a small contribution to Britain's surplus.

5. NOT ONLY FACTOR. Important though it is, however, Britain's own payments position is not the only factor in the present trade situation.

6. STERLING. The better short term

More Credits For U.S. Exporters

Washington, Nov. 21. The United States Export-Import Bank today announced two credits, totalling \$7,000,000 (62,500,000), to help American manufacturers to sell equipment abroad.

They were the second series announced by the Export-Import Bank since it launched its official policy on November 10 of extending credits to manufacturers to help them meet foreign competition.

The grants announced today will help the sale of heavy earth-moving equipment, and steam and internal combustion power plants.—Reuters.

HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Hongkong Stock Exchange this morning amounted to \$942,023. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions:

SHARES BUYERS SELLERS SALES

BANKS	HK Bank	1000	East Asia	202
INSURANCES	Union	913	Lombard	40 40
		8 10		
DOCKS, ETC.	K. Wharf	701	Union	26 1100 26
	Union	10	Providence	10
			Wheeler	7 70 1000 7 10
LAND, ETC.	HK Hotel	13 10 13 30 4000	HK Hotel	13
			OTC 1000	
			HK Land	63 64 300 63 312
			Humphreys	25 22 60 60
UTILITIES	Tram	10 20 150	Tram	10 19 10
	Yau Ma Tei Ferry	155 150 204 40 100	Yau Ma Tei Ferry	155 150 204 40 100
		200 200 100 100		200 200 100 100
	C. Light (O)	16 60 27 10 70	C. Light (O)	16 60 27 10 70
		2000 2000 1000 1000		2000 2000 1000 1000
	C. Light (N)	13 40 10 30 300	C. Light (N)	1100 1000 300 300
		300 300 100 100		300 300 100 100
	Electric	2000 2000 300 300	Electric	2000 2000 300 300
INDUSTRIALS	3516	17 20 17 20
STORES, ETC.	Textile Corp.	20 00 27 10 1124	Textile Corp.	20 00 27 10 1124
	Allied	4 20 4 25 2000	Allied	4 20 4 25 2000

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Textile Corp.

MISCELLANEOUS

Allied

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JOHN CLARKE'S
CASEBOOK

Time on her hands

MARY was too busy to notice the frontiers of time that she passed. Girlhood slipped away from her without her knowing. She had too little time to spare in front of mirrors to notice how, too quickly, the bloom of young womanhood up in her cheek gave way to lines and pallor.

Thought for herself had never been Mary's strong point. She extolled, as she saw herself, to serve those closest to her, and she did this to the best of her ability.

Those closest to her were her mother, aged and ill, and her sister, a little but not much older than Mary, but like the mother, ill.

WORKING

MARY's father was dead, so she was the bread-winner for her mother and her sister. And for herself.

The family of three women shared a fading, respectable home in a fading respectable suburb to the south of London. They observed standards of behaviour that were old-fashioned but good. If someone came round with a collecting-box for a good cause, they would unobtrusively slip in a 10s. note, with a penny alongside to make a coin-noise, and deny themselves one or two necessities that they called luxuries, to make good the money in their care and budget.

Mary went out to work each day as a clerk. Her sister was too ill to work, her mother too old. There was no bitterness in the house. Mary counted it a privilege to be able to help the others so. They never ceased to show by little things their gratitude.

ALL THAT WAS LEFT

THEN Mary's mother died. A few months later, the dying sister died, too. Mary was on her own.

She had given up her job the better to take care of her mother in the last stages of the old lady's illness. But she still had the faded, respectable house and 35s. a week a lodger paid, and 10s. a week that had the splendid title of "unearned income." A relation came to her aid and allowed her £2 a week. So altogether she had £10 a week.

She could get by with that amount. But it was all she had. All. Her other interests were gone. Her mother her sister, the job she had thrown up.

Once she had no time to think of herself. Now she had plenty of time and no one but herself to think of. Almost as if some self-defensive mechanism swung into operation, Mary, who had been so efficient, became quite absent-minded.

TIDDLY-WINKS

SHE came up to the Strand the other day, and the manager in a department store watched her as she helped herself to little things from his counters.

He saw Mary take a tin of fruit and leave that counter without offering to pay. He followed and saw her take a flower-bowl, and, from another department, a game of tiddly-winks.

The total value of the goods that Mary took was 3s. 6d. When the police arrived, they found she had only 1s. 9d. in her purse.

"I didn't have the money with me," she said, when they pointed that out. At Bow Street, next morning, she pleaded guilty to stealing the tin of fruit, the flower-bowl, and the tiddly-winks.

EXPECTATIONS REALISED

THE story was told to Mr. Bertin Recco, and though you do not at once associate compassion with police officers, there was something very like that in the way the detective told his story.

Then Miss Hamilton, the probation officer, went into the witness-box, and told of doctors who once had helped Mary, who would like to help her again, and of relations who were ready to stand by her.

"I shall discharge you conditionally," said the magistrate to Mary.

Mary bobbed her perfume, thanked and went away. Being good, she had expected nothing less than goodness, and her expectations had been realised.

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MAN ON MURDER CHARGE

Dramatic Story Of Tenement Fight Told To Court

Friction between families in an overcrowded tenement flat was alleged to have led up to an incident on the night of August 27 when, in the course of a fight between two men, the wife of one of them suffered a stab wound in the abdomen.

Later, she died from the wound.

The story of the incident was related before Mr. Justice J. Reynolds and a Jury at the Criminal Sessions this morning when Yau Tak, 47-year-old cobbler, appeared for trial on a charge of murder of Man Chau-fun on August 28.

Accused pleaded not guilty and a Jury comprising five women and two men was empanelled.

At the request of Mr. W. A. Blair-Kerr, Senior Crown Counsel, who prosecuted, one of the women jurors was asked to stand down, and a male juror was empanelled in her place. None of the jurors ruled out any objection on conscientious grounds to serving on a case involving capital punishment!

Mr. O. V. Cheung instructed by Mr. F. Zimmerman, of Messrs. F. Zimmerman & Co., appeared for the Defence.

OVERCROWDED

Mr. Blair-Kerr told the Jury that the incident occurred at 27 Yu Chau Street, first floor, not far from Shambulpo Police Station.

It was the type of Chinese tenement flat and the conditions were over-crowded, all cubicles and the passage-way being fully occupied, while the verandah was used for various purposes.

It was not surprising that living in such conditions caused a certain amount of friction from time to time between the various families.

Accused, his wife and child occupied a bed-space in the passage-way nearest the verandah, while the deceased's son, her husband and their two small daughters were in the adjoining bed-space.

The trial is proceeding.

How Miss Logue Got Her Part

Ballet is her vocation — not acting! Small wonder that pretty red-headed Dale Logue caught the eye of 20th Century Fox and is now a stand-in for Susan Hayward in the film "Sister of Fortune."

For eight days Miss Logue's ballet training was exploited till she reached the versatility in gait and body balance necessary to emulate Miss Hayward before Hollywood's cameras.

Miss Logue was coached by the studio, after she had been selected from eight other candidates for the role, through constant contact both with Miss Hayward and her screen portrays.

HOTTEST NIGHT

On the night of August 27 last, the hottest night of the year, there was perhaps temptation on the part of certain of the inmates to open up the verandah doors in order to get more fresh air. The Prosecution did not know, what was the cause of the trouble, but it might have had something to do with one party wanting to have the verandah doors opened and another party wanting light in the verandah.

Prior to this date, Mr. Blair-Kerr went on, evidence would be given by Chan Yan, husband of the deceased woman, that there had been trouble between his family and the accused, and the principal tenant would also say that he witnessed an incident where the dead woman accidentally touched the accused with her broom and the accused retaliated by blackening her face with soot from a pot he was using.

Relations between the two families continued to be strained during the whole of August. About 11.15 p.m. on August 27, the deceased woman and her husband returned home. The deceased, presumably trying to get the maximum amount of air where her bed-space was, went up to the verandah doors and altered their position, thereby causing the light to fall on to the verandah where accused's wife was washing clothes.

An argument started between the two women, and eventually accused decided to intervene. He went up to deceased's husband's bed and challenged Chan Yan to a fight downstairs. As Chan Yan made to get out of bed, he received two blows from the accused, Mr. Blair-Kerr alleged.

MY INTESTINES!

Chan Yan then saw a cobbler's knife in accused's hand, and the dead woman, seeing her husband attacked, rushed in and put her arms around the accused, in an attempt to prevent him from wielding the knife. A three-cornered struggle then ensued.

The next thing that occurred was a cry from deceased who

was a cry from deceased who